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SEC. 6. Every barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall use a separate and clean towel for every customer, and shall, while serving said customer, wear a washable apron or coat, which shall be kept clean.

SEC. 7. Every barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall provide a roll of clean paper to be placed in the back of each chair in such a way that the same may be unrolled and constitute a headrest for the customer. No portion of the said paper shall be used for more than one customer, but each customer shall be provided with a fresh, clean section of the said paper: *Provided, however,* That as a substitute for the said paper any such person may use a clean towel as a headrest, and must use a separate and clean towel for each and every customer.

SEC. 8. Every barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall use alum or other material to stop the flow of blood in powdered or liquid form only.

SEC. 9. No barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall use sponges or powder puffs.

SEC. 10. Every barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall cleanse his hands immediately before serving each customer.

SEC. 11. No barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall shave a customer when the surface to be shaven is inflamed or broken out or contains pus, unless such person be provided with a cup, razor, and lather brush for his individual use.

SEC. 12. No barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall undertake to treat any disease of the skin.

SEC. 13. No person suffering from venereal disease or other contagious infection or communicable disease shall act as a barber.

SEC. 14. Every barber or other person in charge of any barber shop shall post a copy of these regulations in a conspicuous place in said barber shop.

SEC. 15. Violations of these regulations shall be punished as provided by law.

Common Drinking Cups, Common Towels, and Common Eating and Drinking Utensils—Prohibited in Public Places. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 15, 1915.)

ART. 6. SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful to expose, keep, provide, or permit any drinking vessel to be used in common in any public, private, or parochial school or Sunday school, hotel, lodging house, restaurant, depot, station, waiting room, boat, store, factory, hall, theater, moving-picture show, library, public building, or institution, street, park, or other public place.

SEC. 2. No glass, cup, dish, spoon, or other eating or drinking vessel or utensil used in or at any hotel, saloon, restaurant, drug store, soda fountain, or other place of public refreshment in the town shall be offered or permitted to be used by any other patron unless it has been thoroughly cleansed since it was last used and is thoroughly clean at the time it is offered for use.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful to expose, keep, provide, or permit any towel to be used in common in any school, hotel, lodging house, restaurant, depot, station, waiting room, boat, store, factory, hall, lavatory, public-comfort station, theater, public institution, or other public place.

Water-Closets, Privies, and Cesspools—Location, Construction, and Maintenance—Disposal of Contents. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 15, 1915.)

ART. 9. SECTION 1. All tenements, lodging houses, hotels, theaters, public institutions, and other buildings frequented and used by the public shall have adequate, clean, and sanitary water-closet facilities, separate for males and females, and conveniently located.

SEC. 2. No owner or agent of any real estate within the town of Greenwich, upon which a building is situated, shall let or lease the same for residential purposes, or permit the same to be occupied as a residence, unless the same be provided with a

water-closet or a privy either in the building or upon a lot on which said building is situated.

SEC. 3. No privy vault, cesspool, or reservoir into which a privy, water-closet, or sink is drained, except it be water-tight and fly proof, nor any other than a water-tight sewer or drain, shall be established or permitted so near a well, spring, or other source of water used for drinking or culinary purposes as contaminates or is likely to contaminate the same. When any privy vault or cesspool is discontinued, the contents shall be entirely removed and the vault filled with earth or other suitable material.

SEC. 4. No privy vault or cesspool shall hereafter be constructed or maintained on any lot or premises having a sewer connection or abutting on a street in which there is a sewer; and no privy vault, cesspool, or manure pit shall hereafter be constructed within 50 feet of any spring, well, or stream, within 5 feet of any party line or fence, within 15 feet of the line of any street or within 25 feet of the door or window of any dwelling house or store or dairy; nor shall any cover be put upon or over the same, nor shall the same be used until the said privy vault, cesspool, or manure pit has been inspected and approved by the health officer.

SEC. 5. No person shall keep and maintain upon his premises at any time any privy, water-closet, sink, or drain, cesspool, stable, or pigsty except in a sanitary condition. No person shall empty or allow to run into any street or highway in this town the contents, or any part thereof, of any cesspool, sink, stable, manure pit, barnyard, or pigsty.

SEC. 6. No person shall permit any sewage or stable drain, privy vault, cesspool, or sink upon his premises to empty into any stream, pond, or source of water or ice supply, nor permit the same to exist so near such stream, pond, or other water or ice supply that the contents thereof will drain or be likely to drain thereinto.

SEC. 7. No person shall throw into or deposit in any vault, sink, privy, or cesspool any offal, meat, fish, garbage.

SEC. 8. No person shall throw, dump, or deposit any filth, garbage, or animal or vegetable matter which is or is likely to be prejudicial to public health, upon any vacant lot, highway, or public place, nor in any brook, pond, or spring. This does not preclude the proper use of fertilizers upon the land.

SEC. 9. No rain-water leader, waste pipe, nor soil pipe shall discharge into or be connected with any privy vault or manure pit.

Domestic Animals—Communicable Diseases—Notification of Cases—Confinement of Animals—Disposal of Dead Bodies—Veterinary Hospitals. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 15, 1915.)

ART. 2. SEC. 12. Every veterinarian or other person who is called to examine or professionally attend any animal within the town of Greenwich having glanders (farcy), rabies, tuberculosis, or other communicable disease shall, within 24 hours thereafter, report in writing to the health officer the following facts:

1. A statement of the location of such diseased animal.
2. The name and address of the owner or person having charge of such diseased animal.
3. The type and character of the disease.

SEC. 13. Every animal that is mad or that has hydrophobia, or that shows symptoms thereof, shall be at once killed or else securely confined until the diagnosis is made. Every animal that has been exposed to such disease shall be at once confined in some secure place for such length of time as shall be deemed necessary by the health officer to show that such exposure has not given such animal said disease. The body of any animal that has died of such disease, or that, suspected of having such disease, has been killed, shall be disposed of as may be directed by the health officer. The department of health is empowered to take possession and complete control of any dog or other animal having or suspected of having rabies, or of any animal having been bitten